

IS32LT3177/78

10-TO-200MA CONSTANT-CURRENT LED DRIVER FOR AUTOMOTIVE

September 2020

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The IS32LT3177 and IS32LT3178 are adjustable linear current devices with excellent temperature stability. A single resistor is all that is required to set the operating current from 10mA to 200mA. The devices can operate from an input voltage from 2.9V to 40V with a minimal voltage headroom of 1.0V (Typ.) at 150mA. Designed with a low dropout voltage; the device can drive LED strings close to the supply voltage without switch capacitors or inductors.

The IS32LT3177/78 simplifies designs by providing a stable current without the additional requirement of inductors, FETs or diodes. The complete constant current driver requires only a current set resistor and a small PCB area making designs both efficient and cost effective.

The EN Pin of the IS32LT3177 can be tied to V_{BAT} or PSM (Power Supply Modulation) signal for high side dimming. The EN Pin of the IS32LT3178 can function as the PWM signal input used for MCU PWM dimming.

As a current sink it is ideal for LED lighting applications or current limiter for power supplies.

The device is provided in a lead (Pb) free, SOT23-6 and SOP-8-EP packages.

FEATURES

- Low-side current sink
 - Adjustable from 10mA to 150mA (SOT23-6)/200mA (SOP-8-EP) with external resistor selection
- Wide input voltage range from
 - 2.9V to 40V (IS32LT3178)
 - 5V to 40V (IS32LT3177)with a low dropout of typical 1.0V at 150mA
- Up to 1kHz PWM input (IS32LT3178 only)
- Protection features:
 - 0.6%/K current roll off at high temp over 145°C for thermal protection
 - Output current limit
 - Thermal shutdown
- Up to 0.77W (SOT23-6)/2.32W (SOP-8-EP) power dissipation in a small package
- RoHS compliant (Pb-free) package
- AEC-Q100 Qualified

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive and avionic lighting
- Stop/tail light
- Turn light
- Retail lighting in fridge, freezer case and vending machines

IS32LT3177/78

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

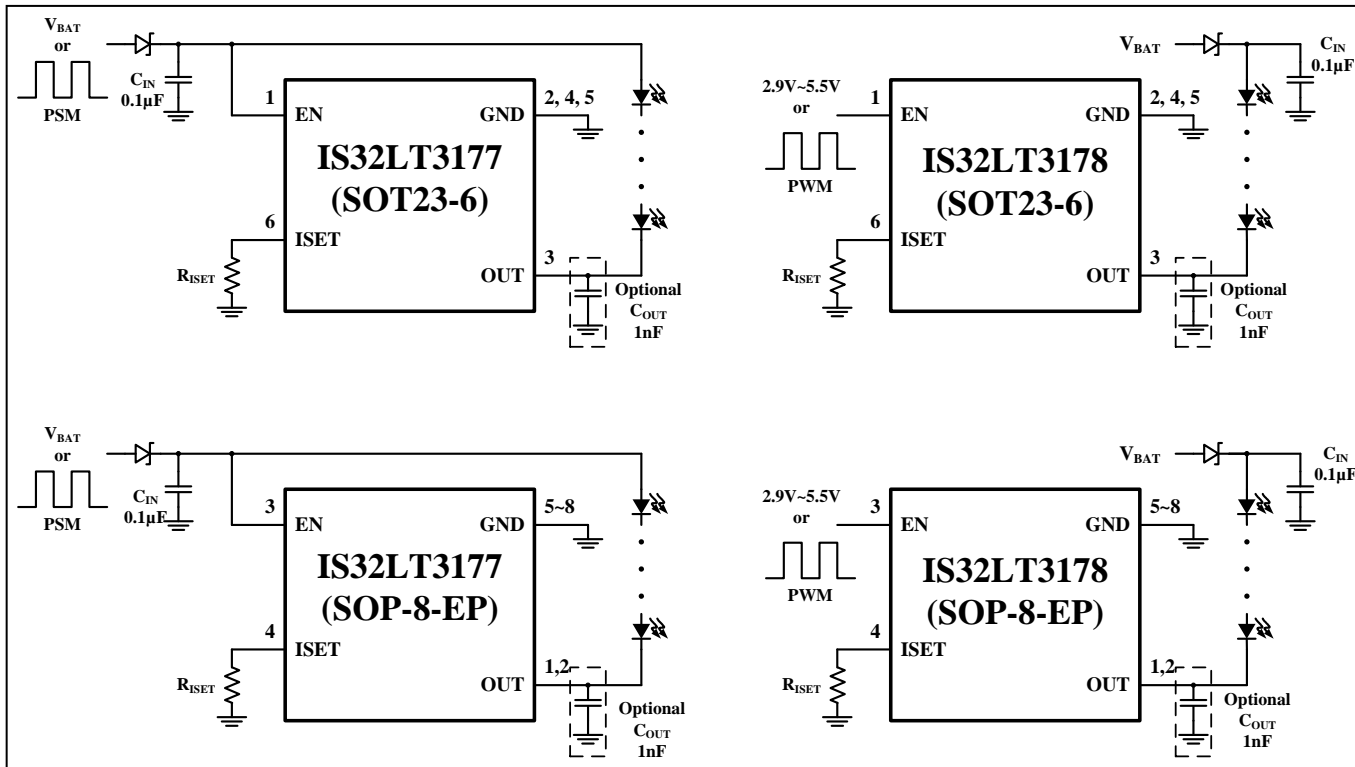


Figure 1 Typical Application Circuit

Note 1: All GND pins must be connected to ground.

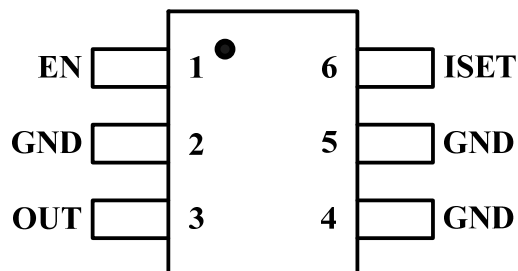
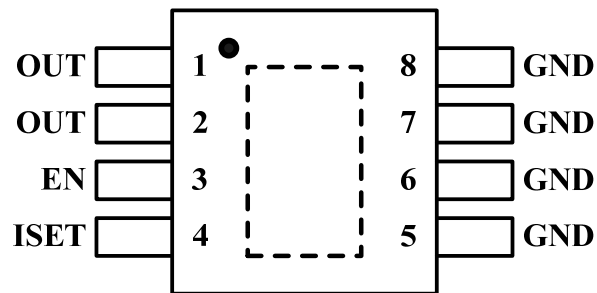
Note 2: C_{IN} must be placed close to IC. If no PSM dimming requirement, please use larger value for C_{IN} .

Note 3: C_{OUT} is optional. When the LED connection wire is long, the C_{OUT} should be placed close to OUT pin to avoid EMI interference.

Note 4: R_{ISET} MUST be placed close to ISET and GND pins to improve the Electro-Magnetic Susceptibility (EMS) performance.

IS32LT3177/78

PIN CONFIGURATION

Package	Pin Configuration (Top View)
SOT23-6	
SOP-8-EP	

PIN DESCRIPTION

No.		Pin	Description
SOT23-6	SOP-8-EP		
3	1, 2	OUT	Current sink.
1	3	EN	Enable pin (PWM input IS32LT3178 only).
6	4	ISET	Output current setting pin. Connect a resistor between this pin and GND to set the maximum output current.
2, 4, 5	5~8	GND	Ground pin. All GND pins must be connected to supply ground.
-		Thermal Pad	Connect to GND.

IS32LT3177/78

ORDERING INFORMATION

Automotive Range: -40°C to +125°C

Order Part No.	Package	QTY/Reel
IS32LT3177-STLA3-TR IS32LT3178-STLA3-TR	SOT23-6, Lead-free	3000
IS32LT3177-GRLA3-TR IS32LT3178-GRLA3-TR	SOP-8-EP, Lead-free	2500

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- a.) the risk of injury or damage has been minimized;
- b.) the user assume all such risks; and
- c.) potential liability of Lumissil Microsystems is adequately protected under the circumstances

IS32LT3177/78

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 5)

Maximum enable voltage, $V_{EN(MAX)}$ only for IS32LT3177	44V
$V_{EN(MAX)}$ only for IS32LT3178	6.0V
Maximum output current, $I_{OUT(MAX)}$	250mA
Maximum output voltage, $V_{OUT(MAX)}$	44V
Reverse voltage between all terminals, V_R	0.5V
Power dissipation, $P_{D(MAX)}$ (Note 6)	0.77W (SOT23-6)
	2.32W (SOP-8-EP)
Maximum junction temperature, T_{JMAX}	+150°C
Storage temperature range, T_{STG}	-65°C ~ +150°C
Operating temperature range, $T_A=T_J$	-40°C ~ +125°C
Package thermal resistance, junction to ambient (4 layer standard test PCB based on JESD 51-2A), θ_{JA}	130°C/W (SOT23-6)
	43.1°C/W (SOP-8-EP)
Package thermal resistance, junction to thermal PAD (4 layer standard test PCB based on JESD 51-8), θ_{JP}	1.41°C/W (SOP-8-EP)
ESD (HBM)	±2kV
ESD (CDM)	±750V

Note 5: Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 6: Detail information please refer to package thermal de-rating curve on Page 16.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

“●” This symbol in the table means these parameters are for IS32LT3177.

“○” This symbol in the table means these parameters are for IS32LT3178.

“◆” This symbol in the table means these limits are guaranteed at room temp $T_A = T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

“◇” This symbol in the table means these limits are guaranteed at full temp range $T_A = T_J = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim 125^\circ\text{C}$.

Test condition is $T_A = T_J = -40^\circ\text{C} \sim +125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified. (Note 7)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
V_{BD_OUT}	OUT pin breakdown voltage	$V_{EN} = 0V$	40			V		
I_{EN}	Enable current	$V_{EN} = 12V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega$	●	0.5	1.00	mA		
		$V_{EN} = 3.3V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega$	○	0.5	1.00			
V_{ISET}	Current setting reference voltage			1.0		V		
I_{OUT}	Output current	$V_{OUT} = 0.8V, V_{EN} = 12V, R_{ISET} = 160k\Omega$	●	◆	10	mA		
			◇	10				
		$V_{OUT} = 0.8V, V_{EN} = 3.3V, R_{ISET} = 160k\Omega$	○	◆	10	mA		
			◇	10				
		$V_{OUT} > 1.0V, V_{EN} = 12V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega, \text{SOP-8-EP}$	●	◆	97	100	103	mA
			◇	95	100	105		
$V_{OUT} > 1.0V, V_{EN} = 3.3V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega, \text{SOP-8-EP}$	○	◆	97	100	103	mA		
	◇	95	100	105				
$V_{OUT} > 1.0V, V_{EN} = 12V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega, \text{SOT23-6}$	●	◆	96.5	100	103.5	mA		
	◇	94	100	106				
$V_{OUT} > 1.0V, V_{EN} = 3.3V, R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega, \text{SOT23-6}$	○	◆	96.5	100	103.5	mA		
	◇	94	100	106				

IS32LT3177/78

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUE)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit		
I_{OUT}	Output current	$V_{OUT} > 1.5V, V_{EN} = 12V,$ $R_{ISET} = 10.6k\Omega, SOT23-6$	•	◆	145.5	150	154.5	mA
			◊	◆	142.5	150	157.5	
		○	◆	145.5	150	154.5	mA	
			◊	142.5	150	157.5		
		$V_{OUT} > 1.5V, V_{EN} = 12V,$ $R_{ISET} = 8k\Omega, SOP-8-EP$	•	◆	194	200	206	mA
			◊	◆	190	200	210	
		○	◆	194	200	206	mA	
			◊	190	200	210		

DC CHARACTERISTICS WITH STABILIZED LED LOAD

“•” This symbol in the table means these parameters are for IS32LT3177.

“○” This symbol in the table means these parameters are for IS32LT3178.

Test condition is $T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C \sim +125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified. (Note 7)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{OUT_LIMIT}	Output current limit	$R_{ISET} = GND, V_{EN} = 12V$	•		295	mA
		$R_{ISET} = GND, V_{EN} = 3.3V$	○		295	
V_{UVLO}	EN pin undervoltage lockout threshold	V_{EN} rising	•		3.1	V
			○		1.9	
		V_{EN} falling	•	2.4	2.9	
			○	1.2	1.7	
V_{EN}	Sufficient supply voltage on EN pin	$10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 200mA,$ $V_{OUT} = 2V$	•	5	40	V
		$10mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 150mA,$ $V_{OUT} = 2V, SOT23-6$	○	2.9	5.5	
		$150mA < I_{OUT} \leq 200mA,$ $V_{OUT} = 2V, SOP-8-EP$		3.1	5.5	
V_{HR}	Minimum required headroom voltage on OUT pin	$I_{OUT} = 150mA, SOT23-6$	•	1.2		V
		$I_{OUT} = 150mA, SOT23-6$	○	1.2		
		$I_{OUT} = 200mA, SOP-8-EP$	•	1.5		
		$I_{OUT} = 200mA, SOP-8-EP$	○	1.5		
t_{ON}	EN pin enabling time	$V_{OUT} > 1.5V, V_{EN} = 5V,$ $R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega$	•		10	μs
		$V_{OUT} > 1.5V, V_{EN} = 3.3V,$ $R_{ISET} = 16k\Omega$	○		10	
T_{RO}	Thermal roll off threshold	Current decreasing slope rate: $-0.6\%/^{\circ}C$ (Note 8)		145		$^{\circ}C$
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown threshold	Temperature rising (Note 8)		170		$^{\circ}C$
T_{SD_HY}	Thermal shutdown hysteresis	Temperature falling (Note 8)		30		$^{\circ}C$

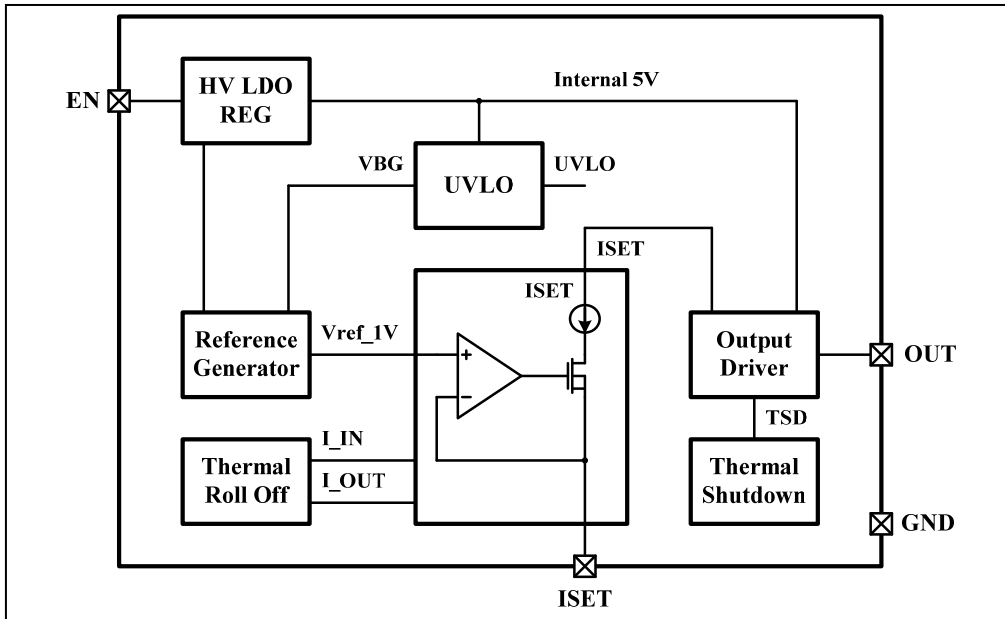
Note 7: Production testing of the device is performed at 25°C. Functional operation of the device and parameters specified over -40°C to +125°C temperature range, are guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 8: Guaranteed by design.

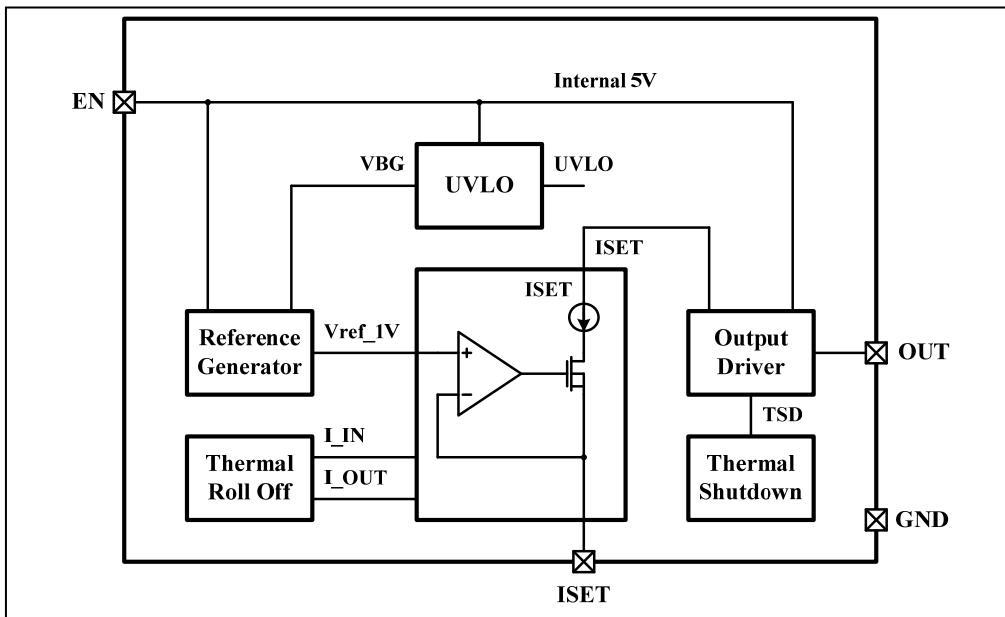
IS32LT3177/78

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

IS32LT3177



IS32LT3178



IS32LT3177/78

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

IS32LT3177

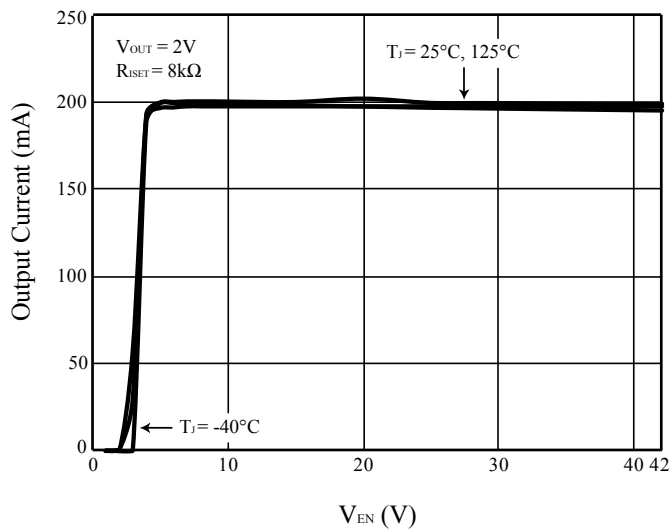


Figure 2 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

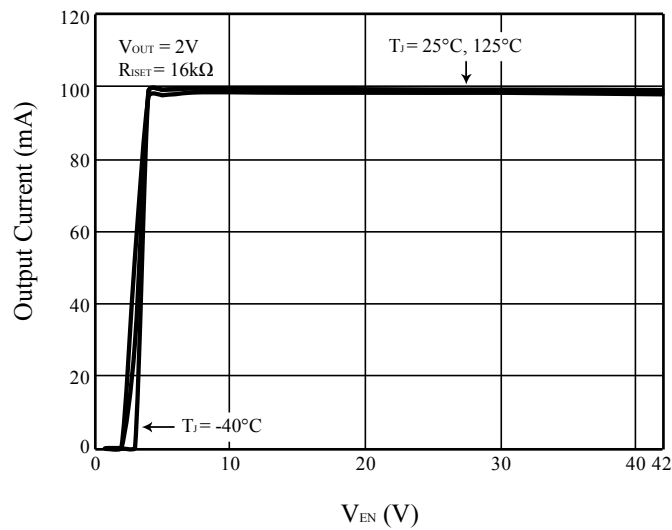


Figure 3 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

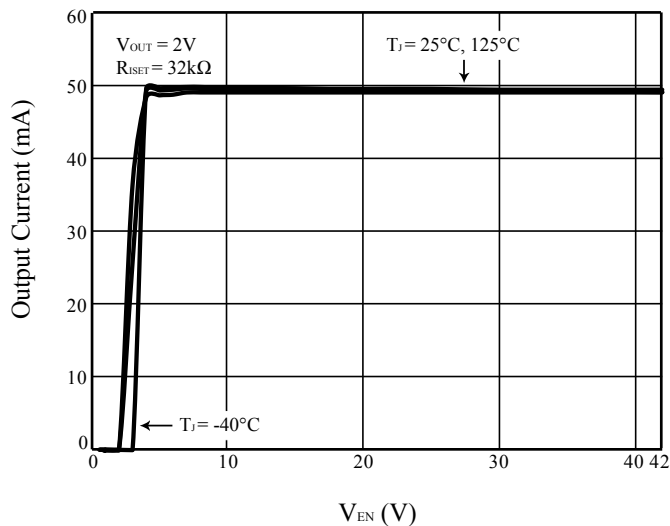


Figure 4 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

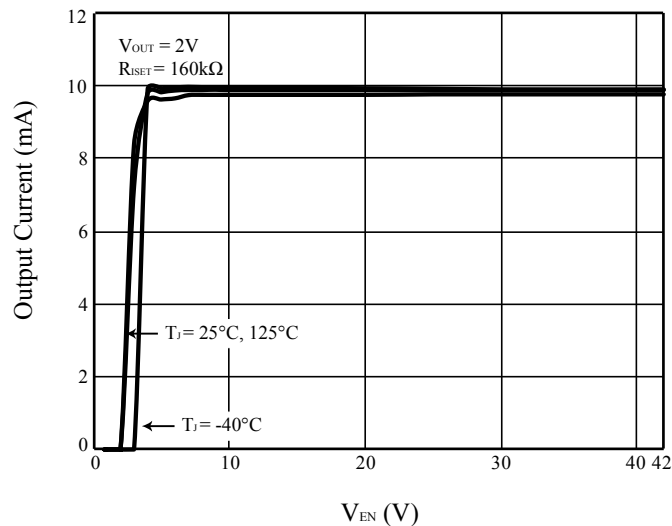


Figure 5 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

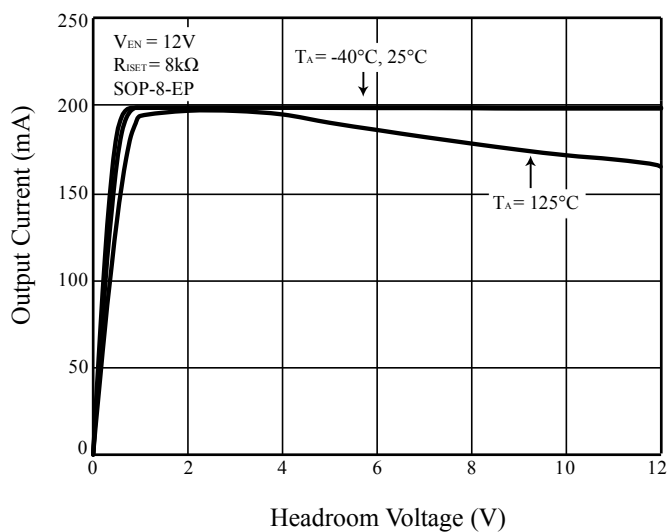


Figure 6 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

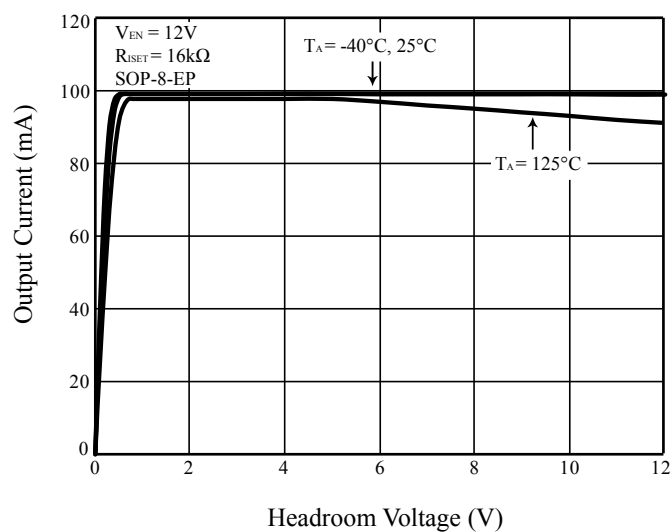


Figure 7 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

IS32LT3177/78

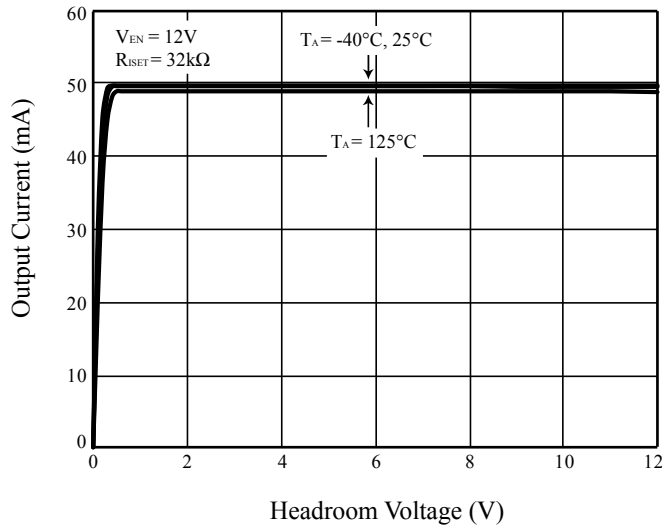


Figure 8 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

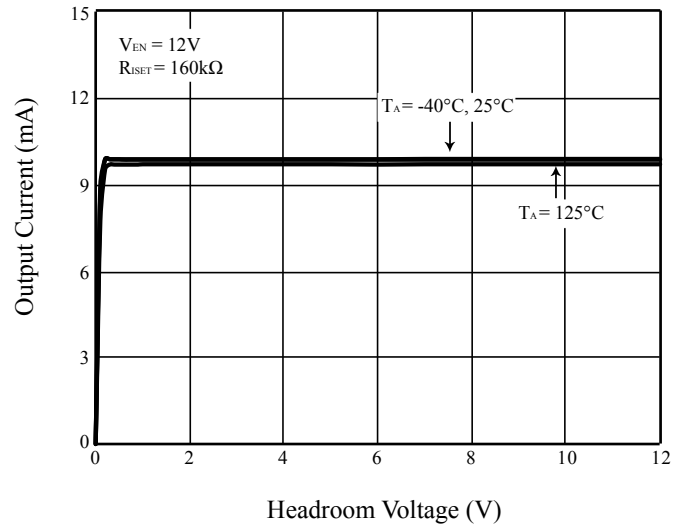


Figure 9 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

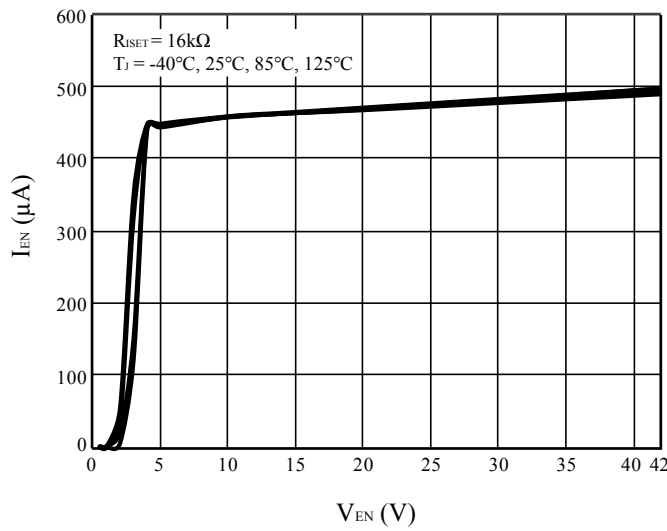


Figure 10 I_{EN} vs. V_{EN}

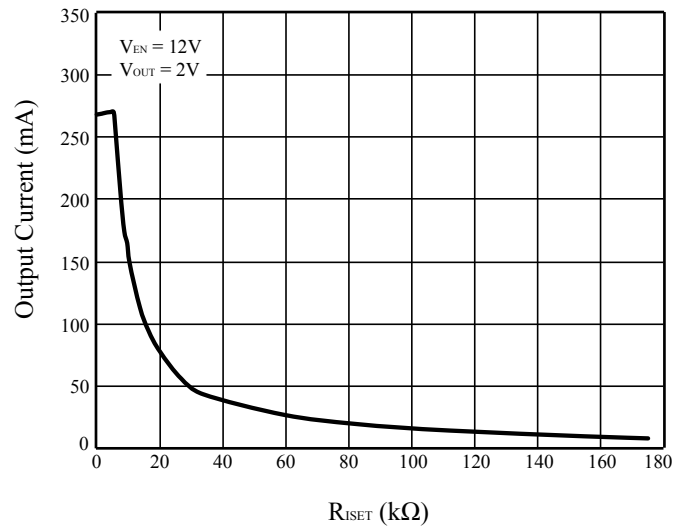


Figure 11 Output Current vs. R_{SET}

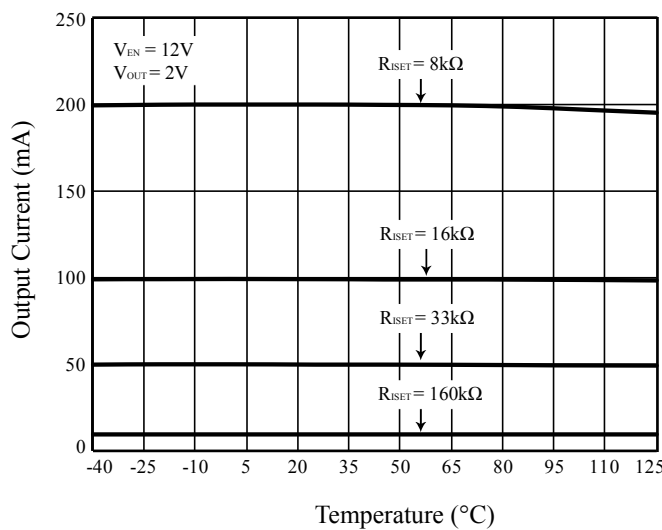


Figure 12 Output Current vs. Temperature

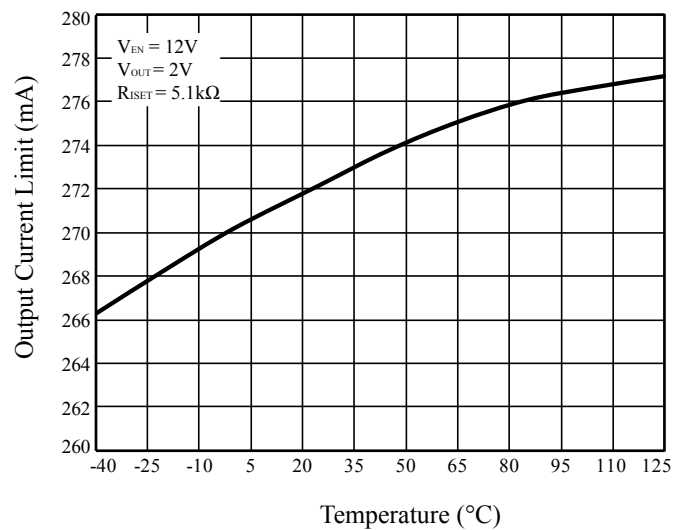


Figure 13 Output Current Limit vs. Temperature

IS32LT3177/78

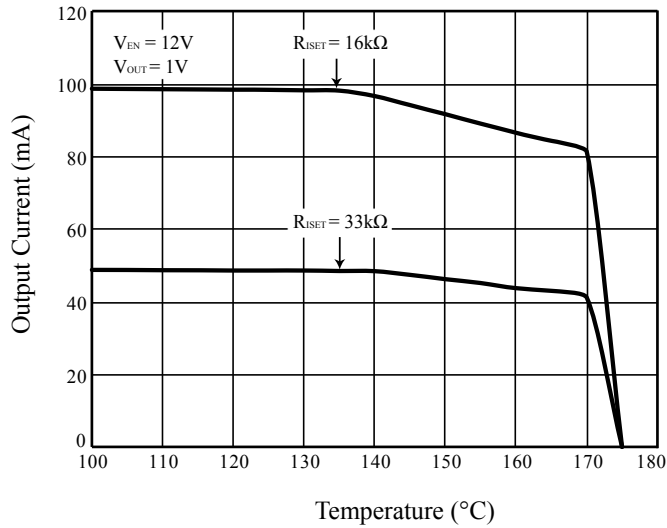


Figure 14 Output Current vs. Temperature (Thermal Roll Off)

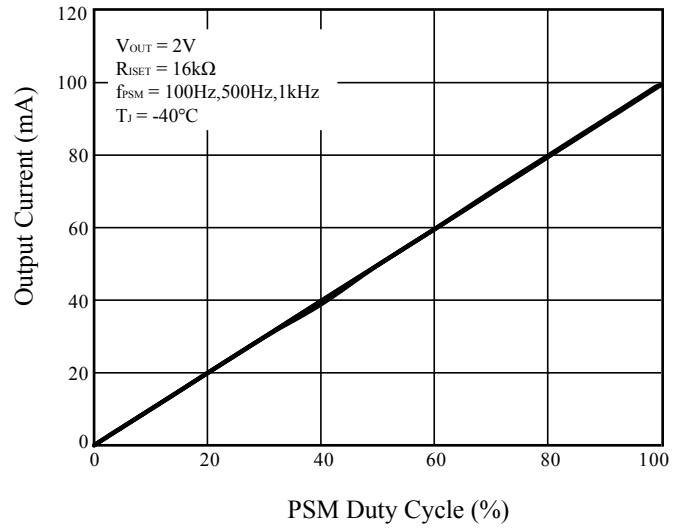


Figure 15 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

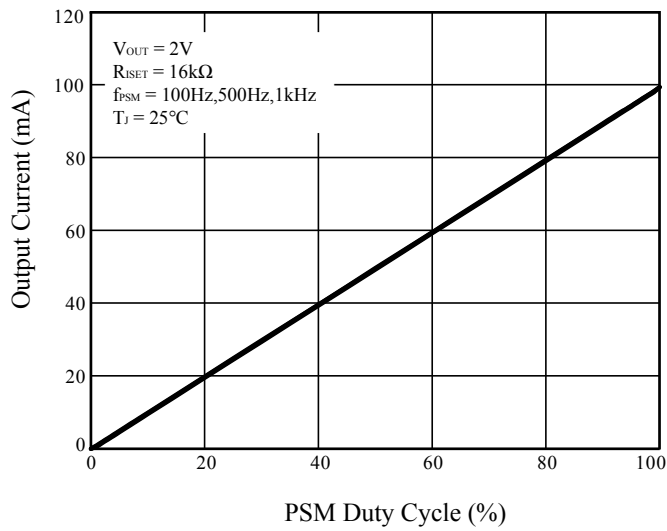


Figure 16 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

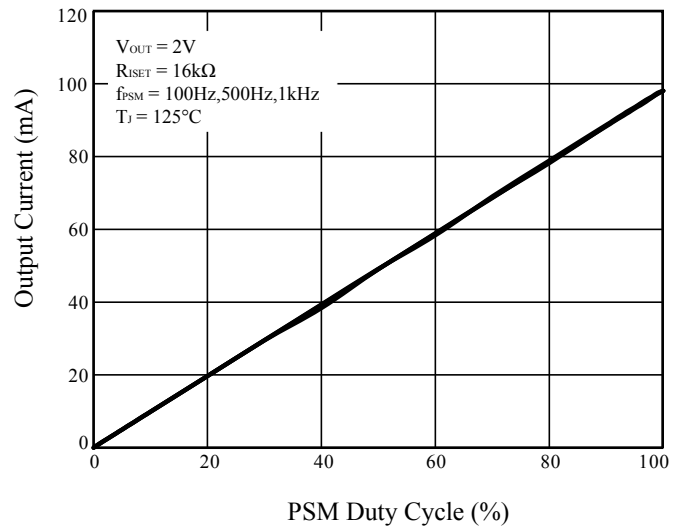


Figure 17 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

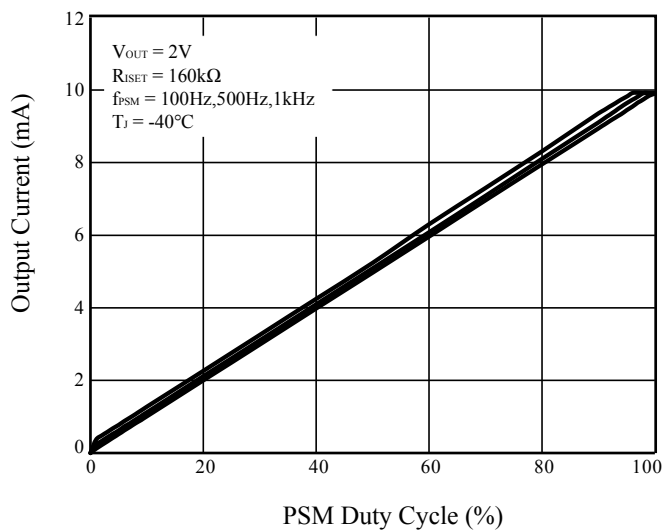


Figure 18 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

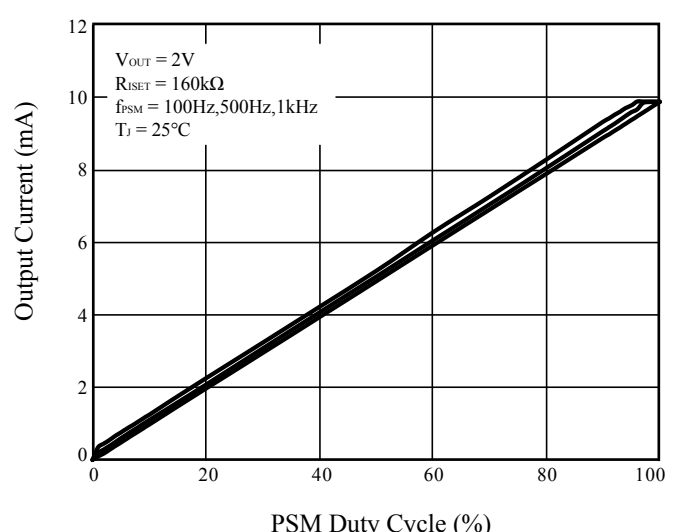


Figure 19 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

IS32LT3177/78

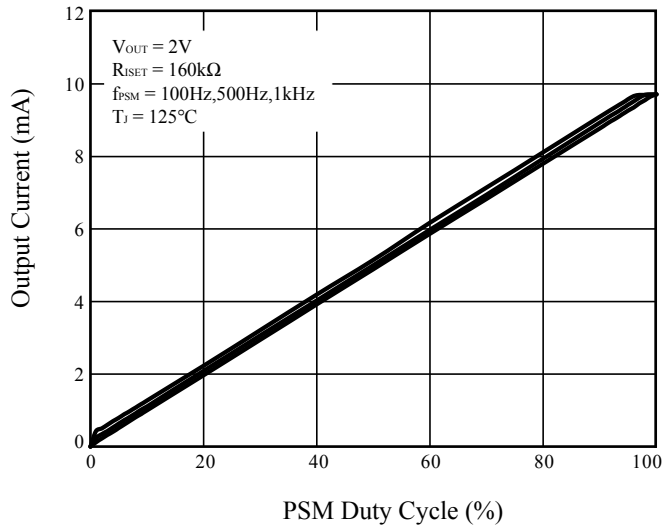


Figure 20 Output Current vs. PSM Duty Cycle

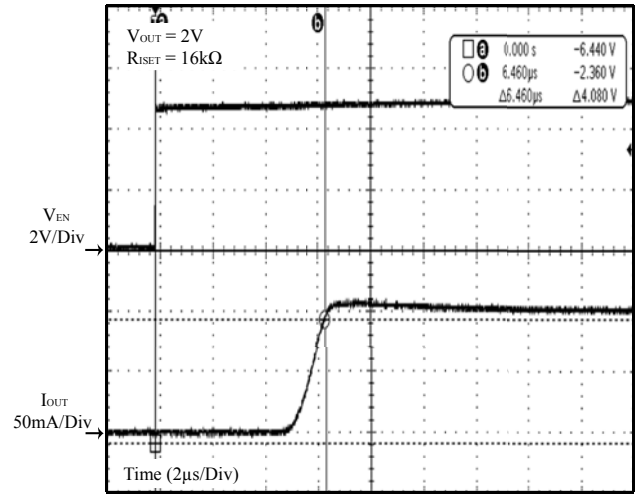


Figure 21 Start Up

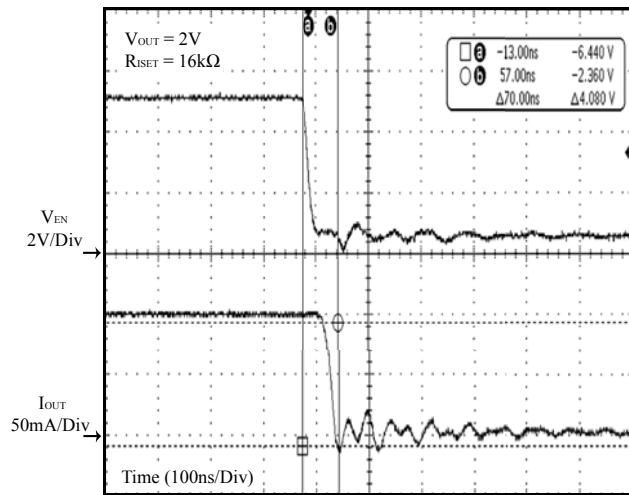


Figure 22 Shut Down

IS32LT3177/78

IS32LT3178

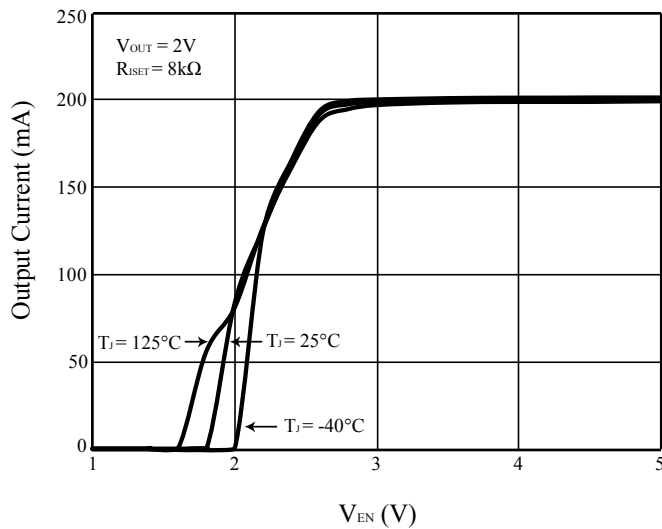


Figure 23 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

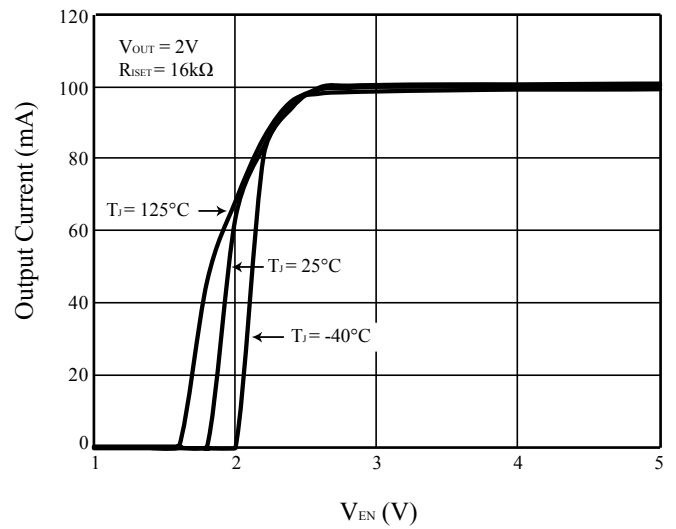


Figure 24 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

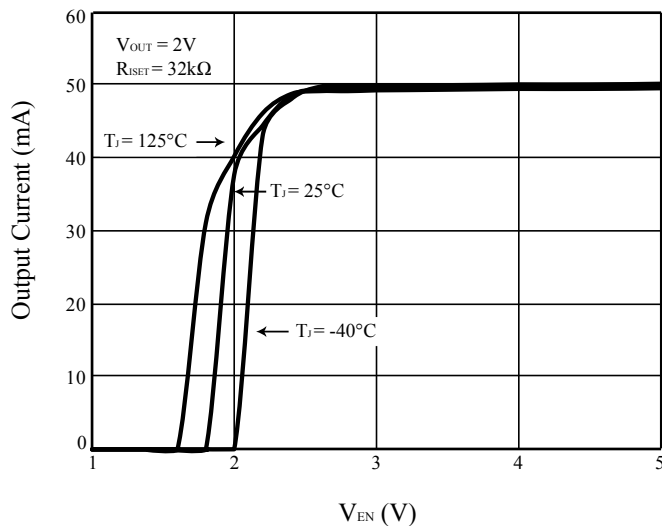


Figure 25 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

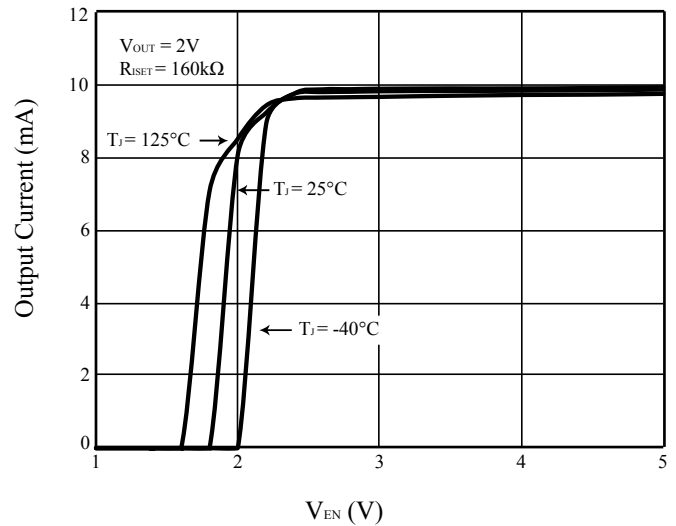


Figure 26 Output Current vs. V_{EN}

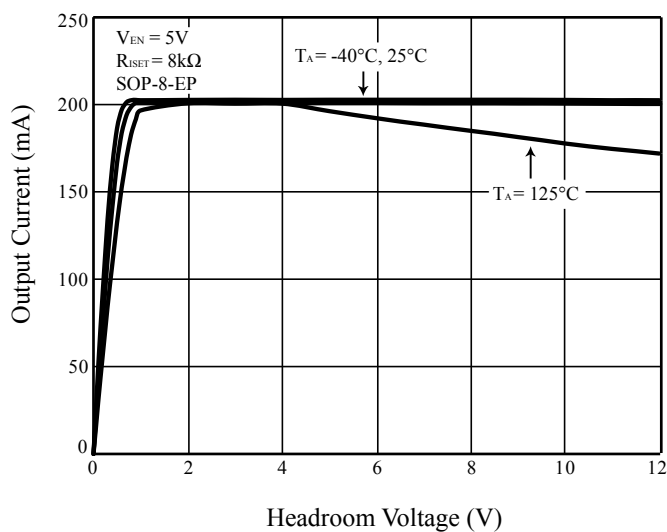


Figure 27 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

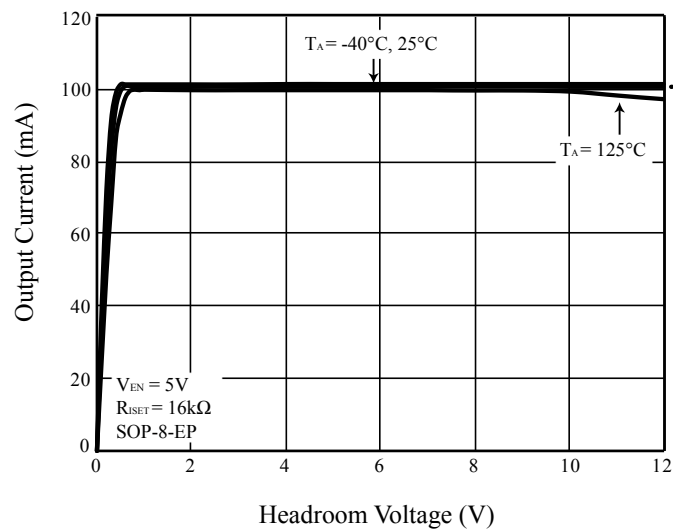


Figure 28 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

IS32LT3177/78

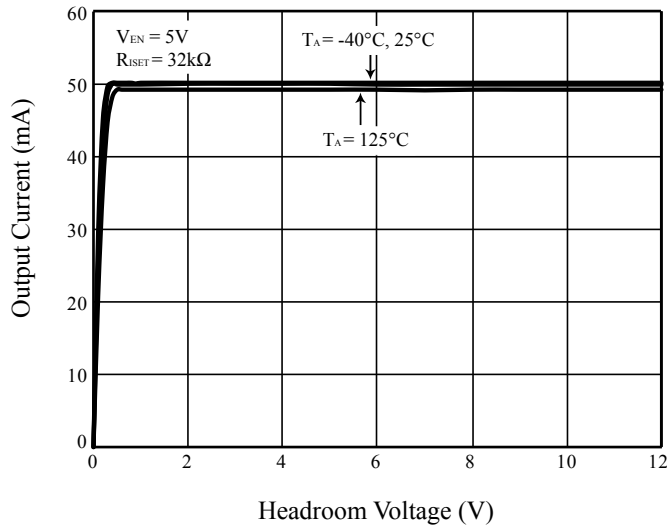


Figure 29 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

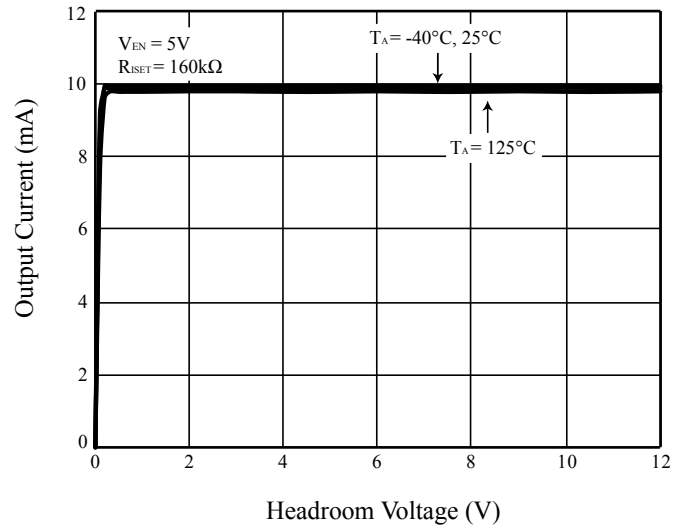


Figure 30 Output Current vs. Headroom Voltage

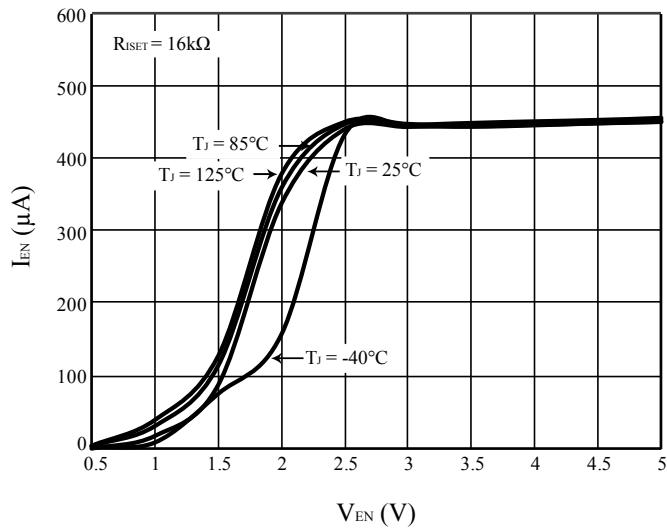


Figure 31 I_{EN} vs. V_{EN}

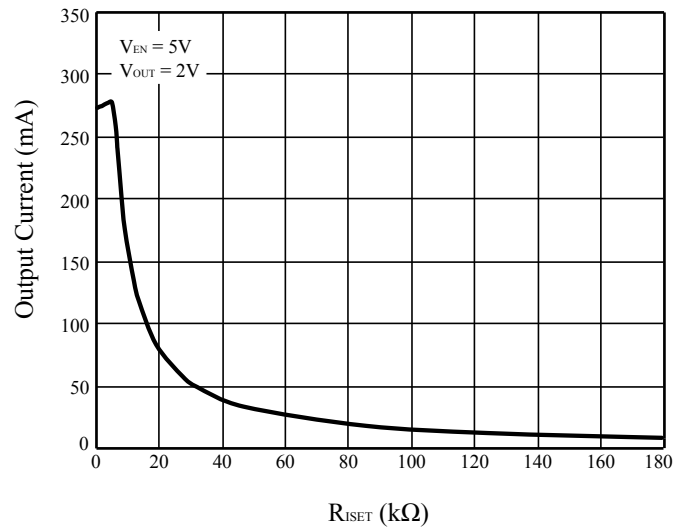


Figure 32 Output Current vs. R_{ISET}

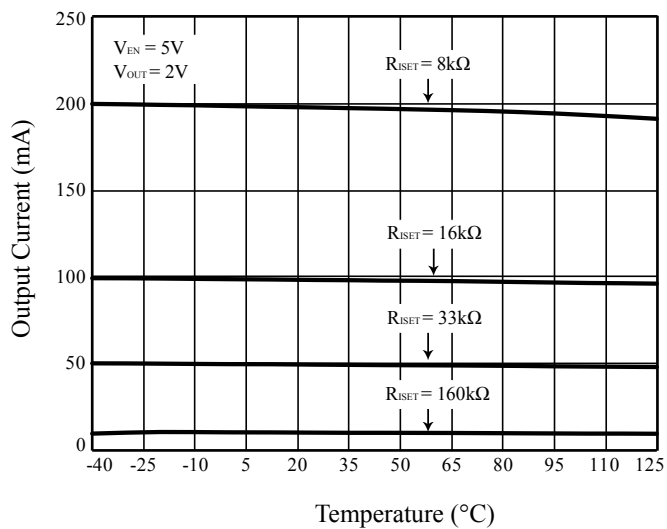


Figure 33 Output Current vs. Temperature

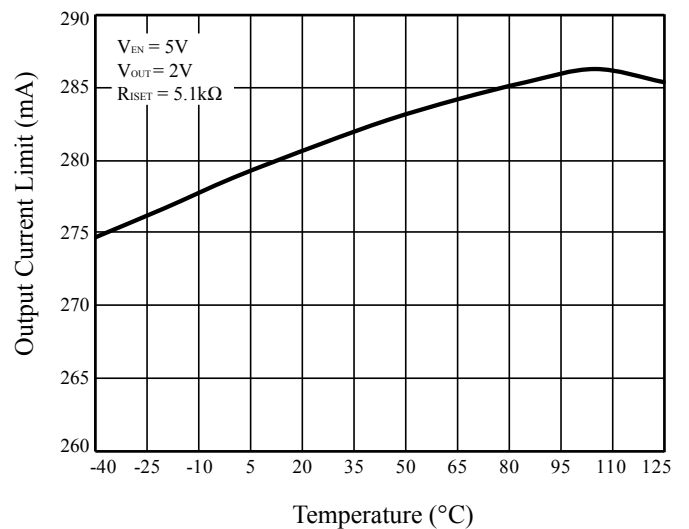


Figure 34 Output Current Limit vs. Temperature

IS32LT3177/78

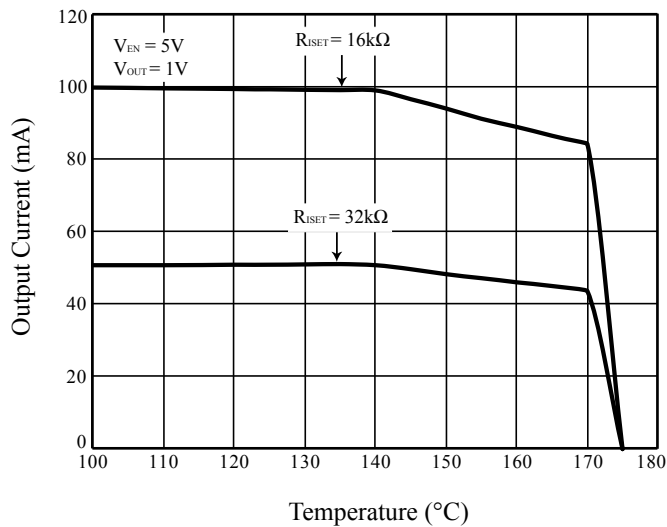


Figure 35 Output Current vs. Temperature (Thermal Roll Off)

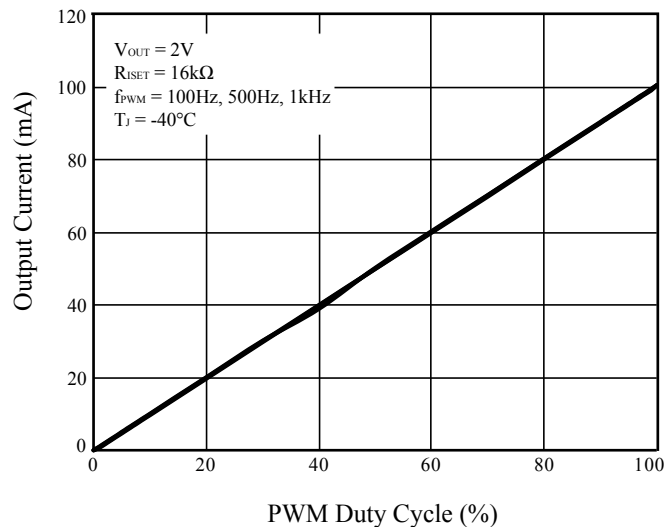


Figure 36 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

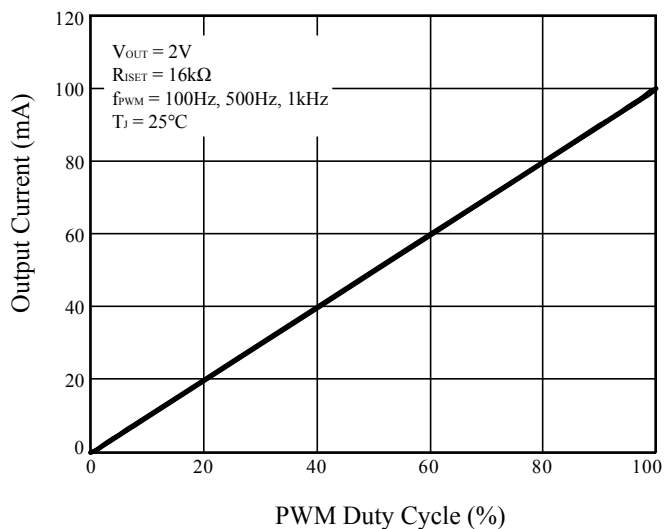


Figure 37 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

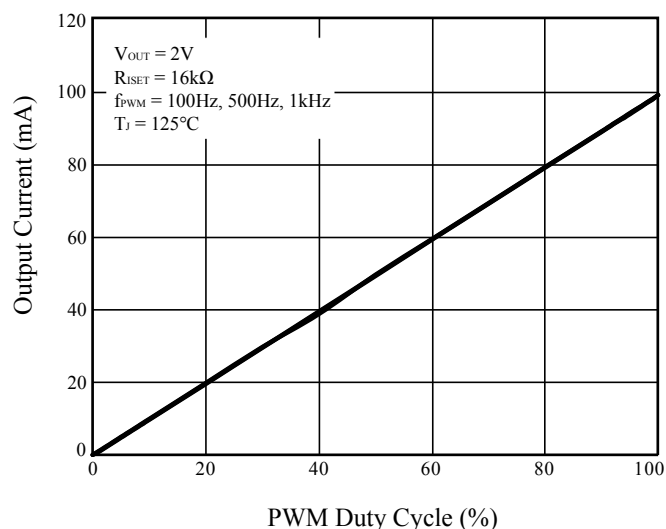


Figure 38 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

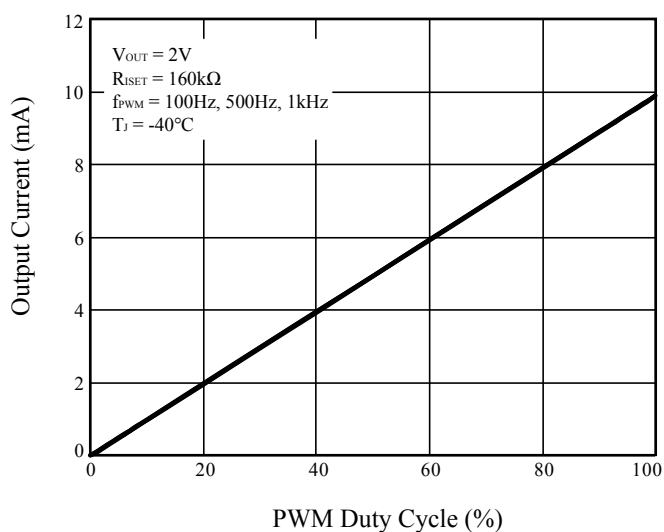


Figure 39 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

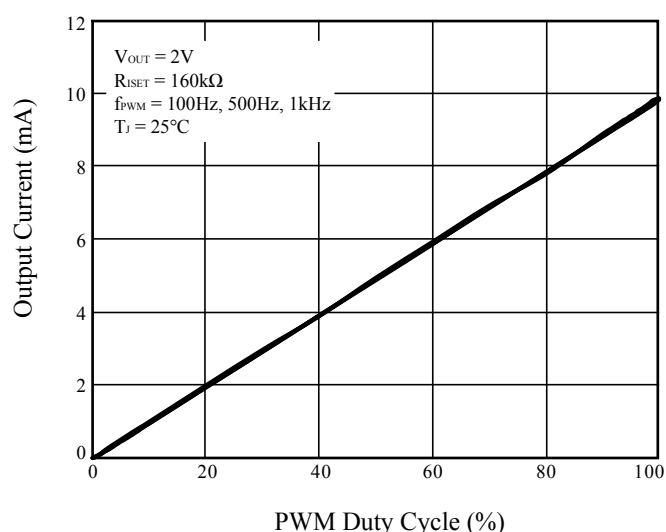


Figure 40 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

IS32LT3177/78

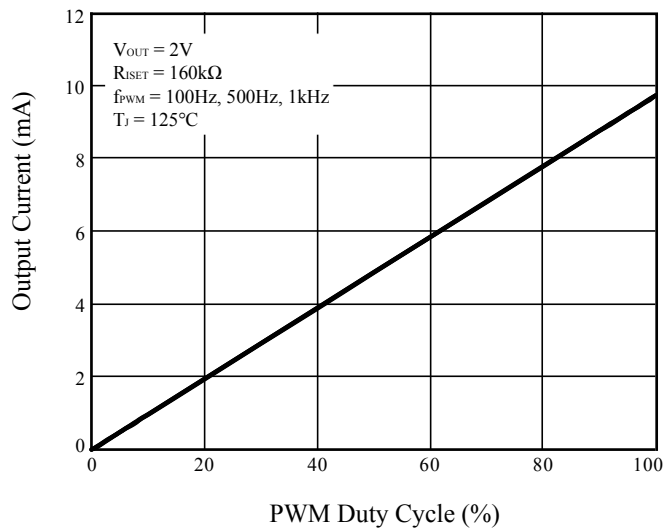


Figure 41 Output Current vs. PWM Duty Cycle

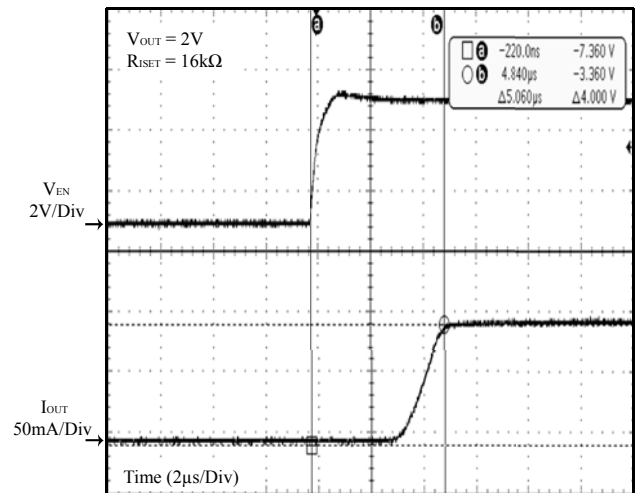


Figure 42 Start Up

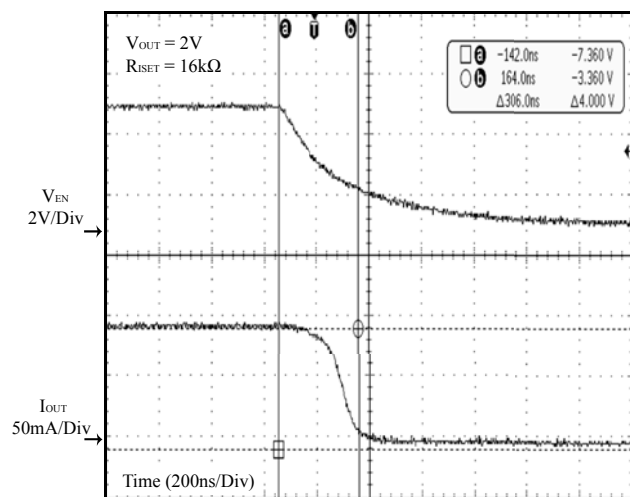


Figure 43 Shut Down

IS32LT3177/78

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

IS32LT3177/78 provides an easy constant current sink solution for LED lighting applications. It uses an external resistor to adjust the LED current from 10mA to 150mA (SOT23-6)/200mA (SOP-8-EP). The LED current can be determined by the external resistor R_{ISET} as Equation (1):

$$R_{ISET} = \frac{V_{ISET} \times 1600}{I_{SET}} \quad (1)$$

$10.6k\Omega \leq R_{ISET} \leq 160k\Omega$ for SOT23-6 package, and $8k\Omega \leq R_{ISET} \leq 160k\Omega$ for SOP-8-EP package.

Where R_{ISET} is in Ω , I_{SET} is desired LED current in Amp and $V_{ISET} = 1.0V$ (Typ.)

R_{ISET} must be a 1% accuracy resistor with good temperature characteristics in order to ensure stable output current. The device limits the maximum output current to I_{OUT_LIMIT} to protect itself from an output overcurrent condition caused by a low value. Do not leave ISET pin floating.

HIGH INPUT VOLTAGE APPLICATION

When driving a long string of LEDs whose total forward voltage drop exceeds the IS32LT3177 V_{BD_OUT} limit of 40V, it is possible to stack several LEDs (such as 2 LEDs) between the EN pin and the OUT pins, and so the voltage on the EN pin is higher than 5V. The remaining string of LEDs can then be placed between power supply $+V_S$ and EN pin, (Figure 44). The number of LEDs required to stack at EN pin will depend on the LED's forward voltage drop (V_F) and the $+V_S$ value.

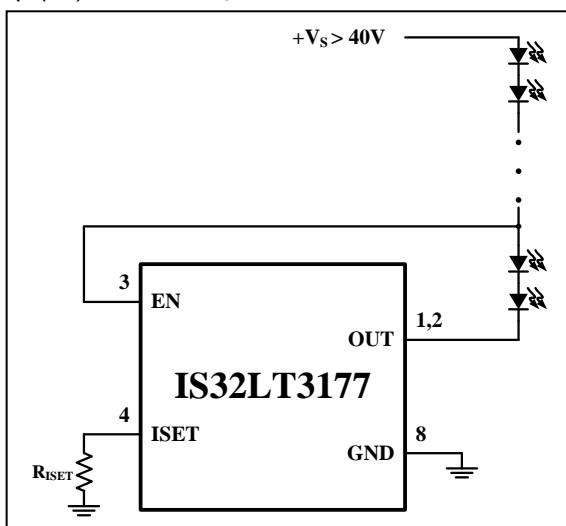


Figure 44 High Input Voltage Application Circuit

Note: when operating the IS32LT3177 at voltages exceeding the device operating limits, care needs to be taken to keep the EN pin and OUT pin voltage below 40V.

THERMAL PROTECTION AND DISSIPATION

The IS32LT3177/78 implements thermal roll off protection to reduce the LED current when the package's thermal dissipation is exceeded and prevent "thermal runaway". The thermal roll off begins from 145°C, and linearly decreases following the junction temp to 85% of the set current value at T_{SD} (170°C). Please see Figure 14 and 35. In the event that the junction temperature exceeds 170°C, the device will go into shutdown mode. At this point, the IC begins to cool off and will resume operation once the junction temperature goes below 140°C.

When operating the chip at high ambient temperatures, or when driving maximum load current, care must be taken to avoid exceeding the package power dissipation limits. Exceeding the package dissipation will cause the device to enter thermal protection mode. The maximum package power dissipation can be calculated using the following Equation (2):

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{\theta_{JA}} \quad (2)$$

Where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance; a metric for the relative thermal performance of a package.

The recommended maximum operating junction temperature, $T_{J(MAX)}$, is 125°C and so the maximum ambient temperature is determined by the package parameter; θ_{JA} . The θ_{JA} for the IS32LT3177/78 SOT23-6 package is 130°C/W and SOP-8-EP package is 43.1°C/W.

Therefore the maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 25^\circ C$ is:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{125^\circ C - 25^\circ C}{130^\circ C / W} \approx 0.77W \text{ (SOT23-6)}$$

$$P_{D(MAX)} = \frac{125^\circ C - 25^\circ C}{43.1^\circ C / W} \approx 2.32W \text{ (SOP-8-EP)}$$

The actual power dissipation P_D is:

$$P_D = V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT} + V_{EN} \times I_{EN} \quad (3)$$

To ensure optimum performance, the die temperature (T_J) of the IS32LT3177/78 should not exceed 125°C. The graph below gives details for the package power derating.

IS32LT3177/78

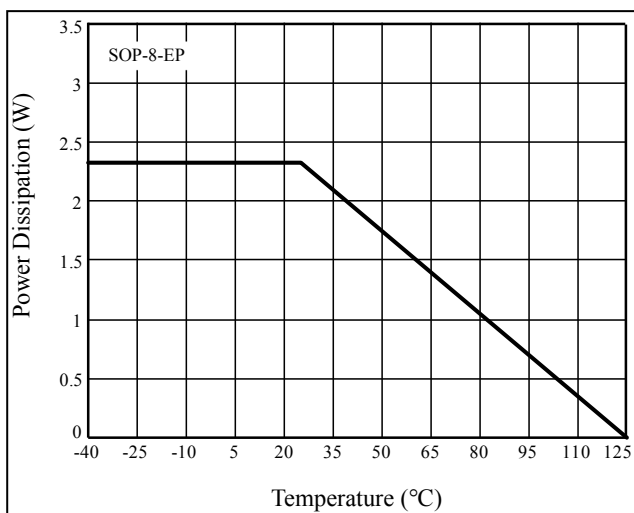
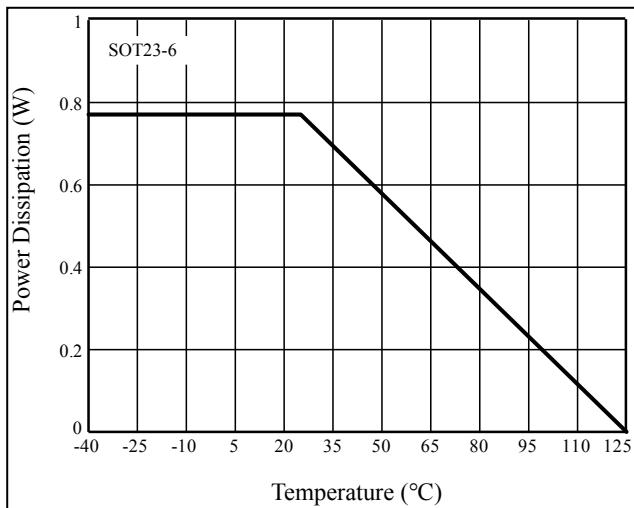


Figure 45 P_D vs. T_A

A lower thermal resistance is achieved by mounting the IS32LT3177/78 on a standard FR4 double-sided

printed circuit board (PCB) with a grounded copper area of a few square inches on each side of the board under the IS32LT3177/78. Multiple thermal solid vias (not web or spoke type), as shown in Figure 46, help to conduct heat from the exposed pad of the IS32LT3177/78 to the grounded copper area on each side of the board. The recommended via diameter is 0.5mm with spacing of 1mm. The thermal resistance can be further reduced by using a metal-clad PCB or by adding a heatsink.

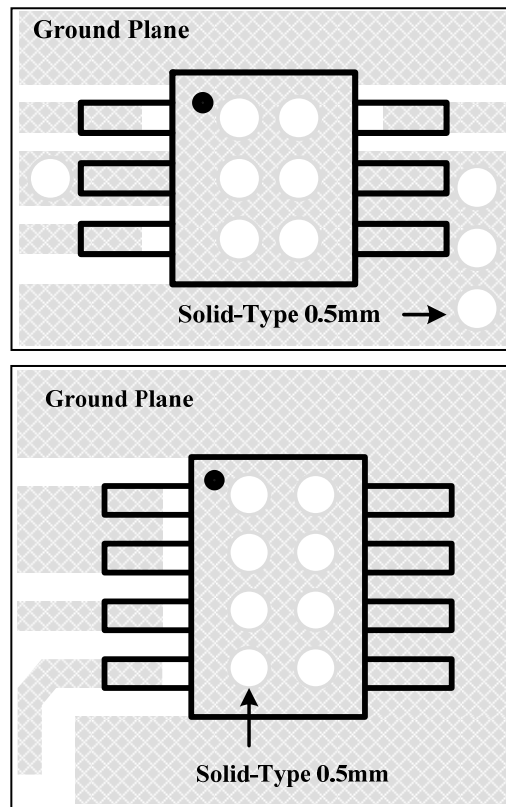


Figure 46 Board Via Layout For Thermal Dissipation

IS32LT3177/78

CLASSIFICATION REFLOW PROFILES

Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
Preheat & Soak	150°C
Temperature min (T _{smin})	200°C
Temperature max (T _{smax})	60-120 seconds
Time (T _{smin} to T _{smax}) (t _s)	
Average ramp-up rate (T _{smax} to T _p)	3°C/second max.
Liquidous temperature (T _L)	217°C
Time at liquidous (t _L)	60-150 seconds
Peak package body temperature (T _p)*	Max 260°C
Time (t _p)** within 5°C of the specified classification temperature (T _c)	Max 30 seconds
Average ramp-down rate (T _p to T _{smax})	6°C/second max.
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.

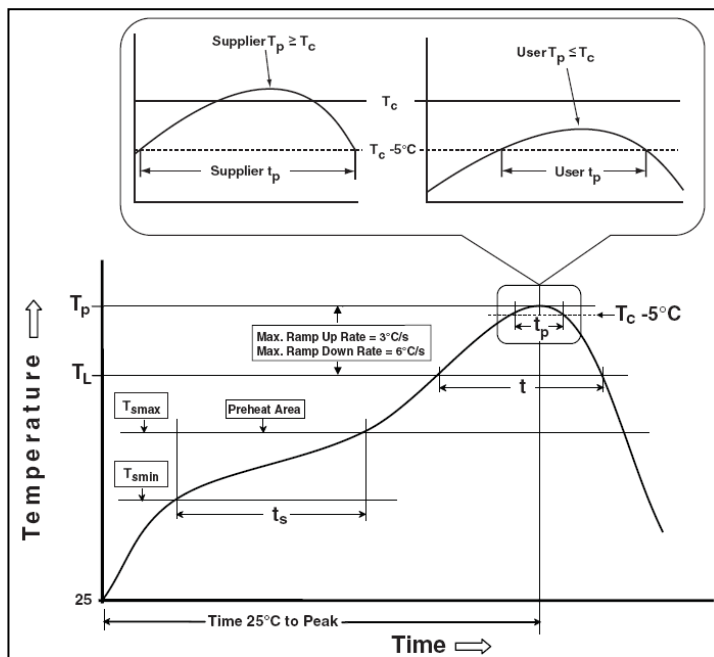
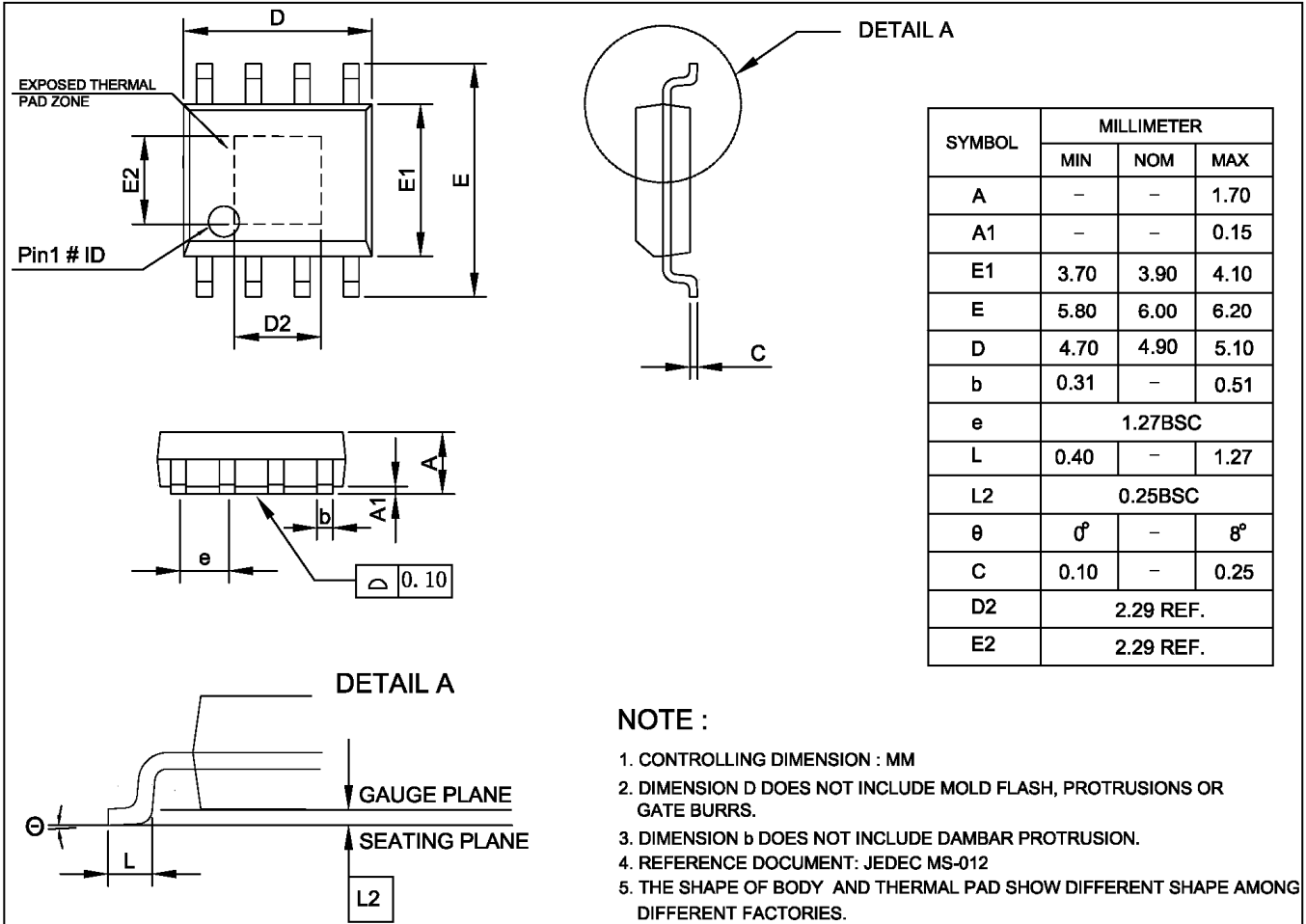


Figure 47 Classification Profile

IS32LT3177/78

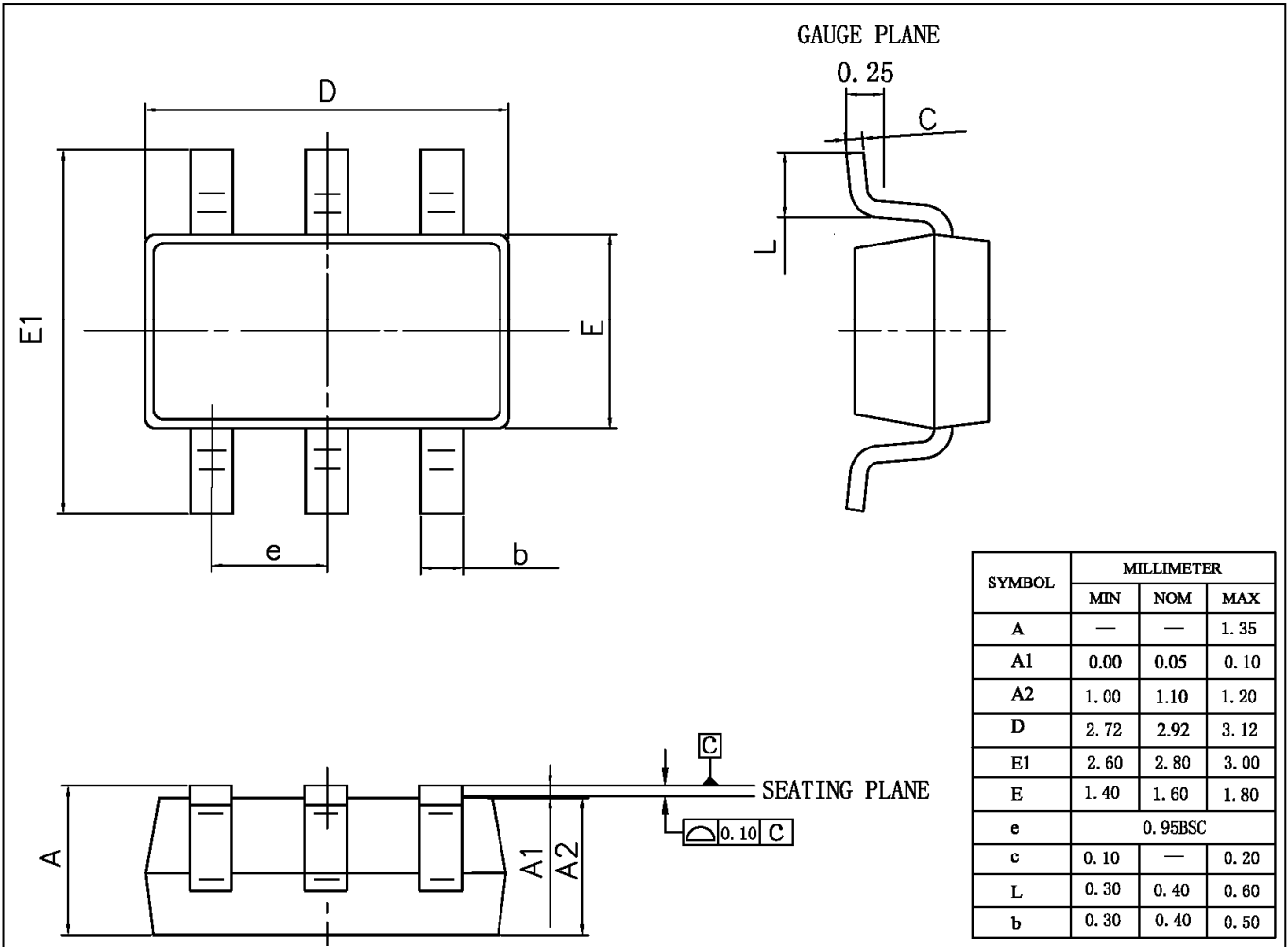
PACKAGE INFORMATION

SOP-8-EP



IS32LT3177/78

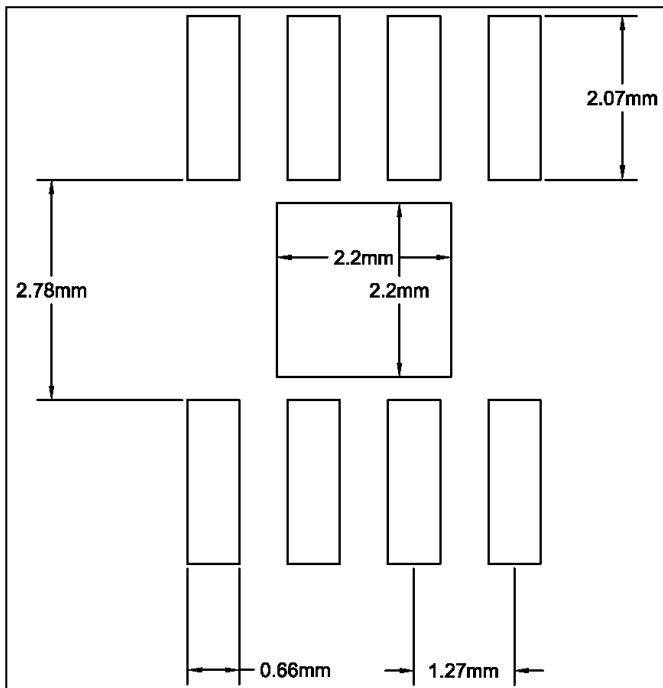
SOT-23-6



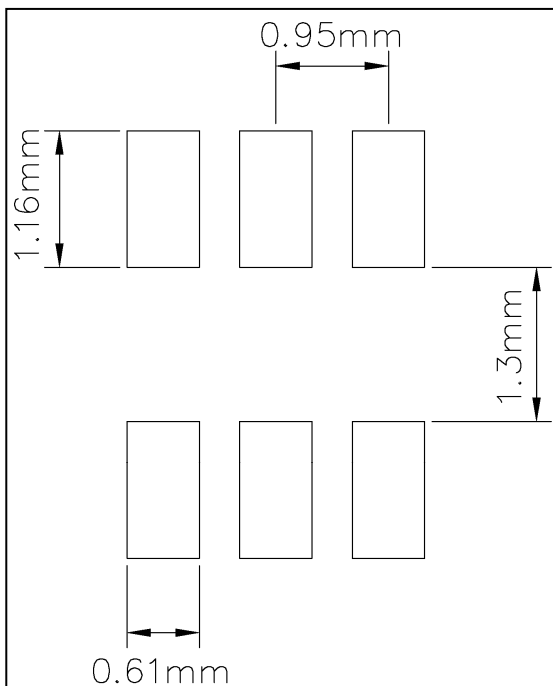
IS32LT3177/78

RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

SOP-8-EP



SOT-23-6



Note:

1. Land pattern complies to IPC-7851.
2. All dimensions in MM.
3. This document (including dimensions, notes & specs) is a recommendation based on typical circuit board manufacturing parameters. Since land pattern design depends on many factors unknown (eg. User's board manufacturing specs), user must determine suitability for use.

IS32LT3177/78

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Detail Information	Date
0A	Initial release	2018.08.06
0B	1. Update FEATURES information 2. Update SOP-8-EP POD 3. Update V_{EN} value	2018.11.20
A	1. Add note 4 for Figure 1 2. Update EC table	2019.04.03
B	Revise I_{OUT_LIMIT} typical value to 295mA	2020.09.25